

INAVA 抗原(重组蛋白)

中文名称: NAVA 抗原(重组蛋白)

- 英文名称: INAVA Antigen (Recombinant Protein)
- 别 名: innate immunity activator; C1orf106

储存: 冷冻(-20℃)

相关类别 抗原

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 464-663 amino acids of human INAVA

技术规格

Full name:	innate immunity activator
Synonyms:	C1orf106
Swissprot:	Q3KP66
Gene Accession:	BC106877
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	Expressed in peripheral macrophages and intestinal myeloid-derive d cells, is required for optimal PRR (pattern recognition receptor)-i nduced signaling, cytokine secretion, and bacterial clearance. Upon stimulation of a broad range of PRRs (pattern recognition recepto r) such as NOD2 or TLR2, TLR3, TLR4, TLR5, TLR7 and TLR9, assoc iates with YWHAQ/14-3-3T, which in turn leads to the recruitment and activation of MAP kinases and NF-kappa-B signaling complexe s that amplifies PRR-induced downstream signals and cytokine sec retion (PubMed:28436939). In the intestine, regulates adherens jun ction stability by regulating the degradation of CYTH1 and CYTH2,





probably acting as substrate cofactor for SCF E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complexes. Stabilizes adherens junctions by limiting CYTH1-dependent ARF6 activation (PubMed:29420262).