

全国订货电话 4008-723-722

## CXCL11 抗原(重组蛋白)

- 中文名称: CXCL11 抗原(重组蛋白)
- 英文名称: CXCL11 Antigen (Recombinant Protein)
- 储存: 冷冻(-20℃)
- 相关类别: 抗原

概述

Full length fusion protein

技术规格

Full name:	chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 11
Synonyms:	IP9, H174, IP-9, b-R1, I-TAC, SCYB11, SCYB9B
Swissprot:	O14625
Gene Accession:	BC005292
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	Chemokines are a group of small (approximately 8 to 14 kD), mostl y basic, structurally related molecules that regulate cell trafficking o f various types of leukocytes through interactions with a subset of 7-transmembrane, G protein-coupled receptors. Chemokines also pla y fundamental roles in the development, homeostasis, and function of the immune system, and they have effects on cells of the centra I nervous system as well as on endothelial cells involved in angioge nesis or angiostasis. Chemokines are divided into 2 major subfamili es, CXC and CC. This gene is a CXC member of the chemokine sup erfamily. Its encoded protein induces a chemotactic response in acti vated T-cells and is the dominant ligand for CXC receptor-3. The g ene encoding this protein contains 4 exons and at least three poly





adenylation signals which might reflect cell-specific regulation of ex pression. IFN-gamma is a potent inducer of transcription of this ge ne.