

小鼠抗 ELL 单克隆抗体

- 中文名称: 小鼠抗 ELL 单克隆抗体
- 英文名称: Anti-ELL mouse monoclonal antibody
- 别 名: elongation factor for RNA polymerase II; MEN; ELL1; PPP1R68; C19orf17
- 相关类别: 一抗
- 储 存: 冷冻 (-20℃)
- 宿 主: Mouse
- 抗 原: ELL
- 反应种属: Human
- 标记物: Unconjugate
- 克隆类型: mouse monoclonal

技术规格

Background:	Elongation factor component of the super elongation com plex (SEC), a complex required to increase the catalytic rat e of RNA polymerase II transcription by suppressing transi ent pausing by the polymerase at multiple sites along the DNA. Elongation factor component of the little elongation complex (LEC), a complex required to regulate small nucle ar RNA (snRNA) gene transcription by RNA polymerase II and III (PubMed:22195968, PubMed:23932780). Specifically required for stimulating the elongation step of RNA poly merase II- and III-dependent snRNA gene transcription (P ubMed:23932780). ELL also plays an early role before its a ssembly into in the SEC complex by stabilizing RNA poly merase II recruitment/initiation and entry into the pause s
	ite. Required to stabilize the pre-initiation complex and ea





	rly elongation.
Applications:	WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	ELL
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human ELL
Full name:	elongation factor for RNA polymerase II
Synonyms:	MEN; ELL1; PPP1R68; C19orf17
SwissProt:	P55199
IHC positive control:	Human breast tissue and Human colon tissue
IHC Recommend dilution:	200-500
WB Predicted band size:	68 KD
WB Positive control:	Jurkat, Hela cell lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000